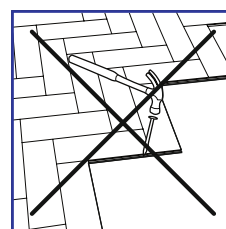
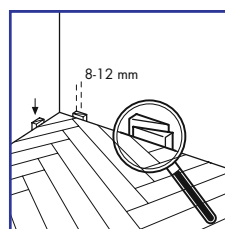
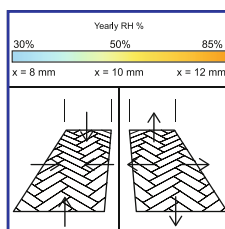
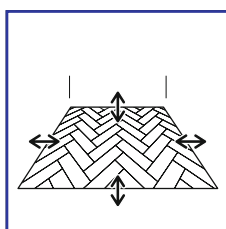
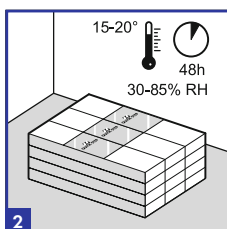
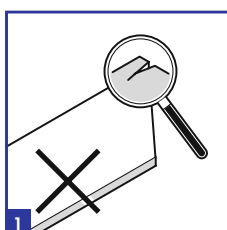


Quick-Step Disegno

Quick-Step Wood Flooring materials are delivered with instructions in the form of illustrations. The text below is covering a floating or glue down installation, and is divided in 4 areas: Preparation, Installation, Finishing and Maintenance. We recommend that you read through this information carefully while studying each illustration. In case of doubts or questions please contact your Quick-Step dealer/Technical Services. The use of the original Quick-Step accessories is strongly recommended to benefit from the full product warranty.

BEFORE STARTING

A wood flooring is to be considered as an interior product, and should be taken care of like such prior to, during and after installation. The installation should be done after eventual painting and other wet works are done and dried out. If other works are ongoing after installation, an appropriate covering should be placed on top of the Quick Step Wood Flooring. Do NOT tape covering material direct to the surface since the tape glue might harm the lacquered or oiled surface.



1. PREPARATION

1

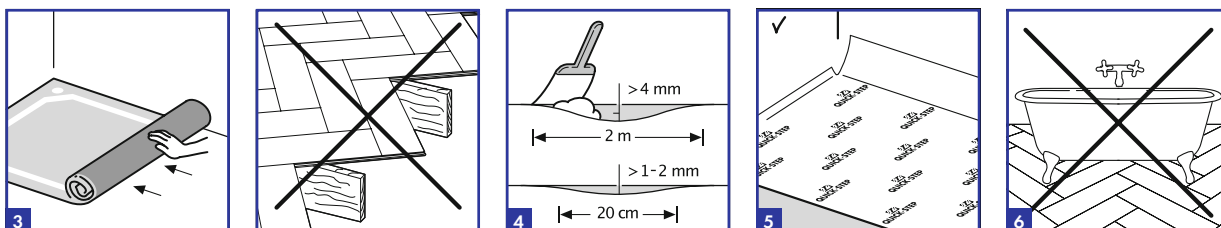
Quick-Step Wood Floors can be bought in different formats, decors and gradings. Make sure you have received the wood flooring that you have ordered before starting the installation. It is always a good idea to keep one end-label together with your receipt. Also write down the production code mentioned at the back of a panel. Do not install planks with damaged surfaces, edges or locking systems. Check every plank carefully before and during the installation, preferably in daylight. Bear in mind that wood is not a homogeneous material. Wood is a natural product, which means that no wooden flooring plank will be identical to another just like no tree is identical to another one. The occurrence, amount and size of sap wood, knots and cracks depends on the selected grading and chosen range. These are natural features of wood and cannot be considered as a product fault. Therefore you should always check if you have the right impression of the floor before installation and that you have all the information. If a wood flooring plank has been installed it is considered as accepted and defects or color variation cannot form any ground of complaint. We recommend that the planks are mixed from several packs during installation.

2

After receiving the packs, these should be acclimatized. This has to be done unopened and stored in a flat position free from the wall and base floor prior to installation. Store the unopened packs at a normal room temperature (15-20°C / 59 - 65 °F) and a relative humidity (RH) level between 30-85% for a minimum of 48 hours prior to installation. A Quick-Step Wood Floor is made of natural wood and will expand and contract upon changes in the relative humidity. The dimensional variation of an installed floor will be slightly more in width compared to the length. At 20°C and a relative humidity (RH) between 40-60%, the dimensional change is very limited. Quick-Step Wood Floors are produced and delivered with a moisture content to cope with an RH between 30-85%.

Floating

In certain climates, for example in the Nordics during winter time, the RH might drop below 30% and in summertime rise above 85%. This will create a movement of your wood flooring. To secure enough clearance for this natural movement and to avoid open joints, squeaking, etc. always keep the correct dilatation joint to the walls, thresholds, staircases, pipes, etc. Use the spacers of the installation kit to keep the correct clearance. If installing in regions with an average high RH level the clearance should be raised. (high RH = floor expands). The clearance should be left open and must not be filled by any sealant, silicone or other adhesive. A floating installation must remain a floating. So never fix the flooring with nails, glue, screws or heavy build-in objects like kitchens in any other way.


3

Quick-Step Wood Flooring must be installed on a solid, self-supporting wooden or cement based subfloor. Any other type of floor coverings must be removed first. No signs of mould and/or insect infestation should be present. Make sure the subfloor is level and nail/screw down any loose parts. In case of textile or other vapor-permeable floor coverings it is necessary to remove both the floor covering and its base. Existing floors made from a vapor-tight covering do not need to be removed (PVC, linoleum, etc.) if they meet all other requirements. The crawl space under the wooden base must be ventilated. Remove any obstacles and make sure there is sufficient ventilation (min. 4 cm² of ventilation opening/m² of floor). Be aware of the fact that any wood and/or organic material might/will dry out locally and damage your wood flooring if any heating source like hot fans, wood stoves etc. is creating high temperatures. The moisture content of the wood cannot exceed 10%. An installation directly on floor joists is prohibited.

Make sure that the subfloor is dry, flat, stable, clean and free from grease and chemical substances. If needed, scrape off and clean up old adhesives. Prior to installation, carefully remove all debris (including nails), sweep and vacuum. Repair major surface imperfections and large cracks. It is recommended to remove old skirtings and to install new ones after the installation of the floor.

Floating

For a floating installation it is always necessary to use an underlay. In case of a wooden subfloor install the new Quick-Step Wood Flooring perpendicular to the existing wooden planks or boards.

Glued

Existing floorcovering must be removed completely before gluing down your Quick-Step Wood Floor. The subfloor must be firm, hard, dry even and must conform the standard.

4

The entire subfloor must be carefully checked for any type of unevenness. Use a straight edge of 2 m, make sure there are no unevenness's of more than 4 mm for floating installation and 3mm for glue down installation. Small peaks higher than 1 à 2 mm within a 200 mm radius are also prohibited and need to be scraped away. If needed use a levelling compound to achieve correct flatness of the subfloor.

5

Floating

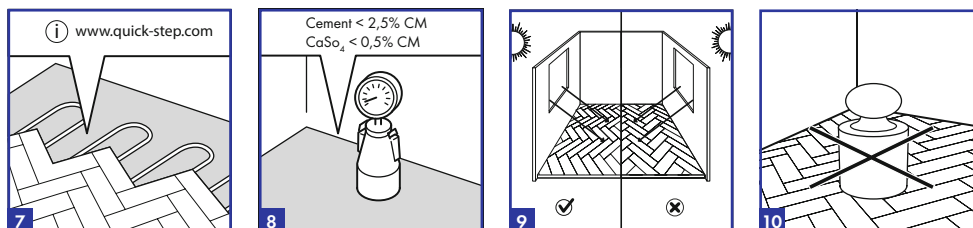
Floating In case of a FLOATING installation we strongly recommend using a Quick-Step underlay to achieve optimal sound reduction, best walking comfort, avoid squeaking and to level minor unevenness. A floating installation on cement screed, concrete or in case of floor heating, requires the use of a damp screen. All Quick-Step underlays have a build-in vapor barrier. In case you use another underlay, which does not have a vapor barrier, the installation of a 0,2 mm PE-film is required as a minimum damp screen. Make sure the PE-film overlaps with a minimum of 200 mm. A floating installation with any other type of underlay that is not a Quick-Step underlay must meet the same technical specifications. In case of problems caused by a non-compatible underlay, warranty will be void.

Glued

In case of a GLUED installation, an underlay can not be used. When installing the glued Wood on the ground floor, we always recommend to first applying a liquid damp proof membrane. This liquid DPM is a 2 or 3 component epoxy coating which makes sure there is a moisture barrier. The Quick-Step Wood Floor can then be bonded directly onto this DPM with a flexible adhesive such as MS or PU.

6

Quick-Step Wood Flooring must not be installed in a typical wet room or in rooms with a floor drain or in extremely dry rooms like saunas.


7

Additional instructions apply if there is underfloor heating or cooling. For health and safety reasons and to avoid problems with the Quick-Step Wood Floor, certain important basic rules need to be followed:

Floor Heating

- Firstly it is very important to ensure a floor surface temperature of maximum 27°C (80°F)
- In case of a floating installation, a suitable underlay must be chosen. The total Thermal Resistance (R) of your Quick-Step Wood floor in combination with the underlay must be not higher than 0,15 m²K/W
- Always change the temperature gradually at the start and end of a heating period
- Finally try to avoid heat accumulation by carpets or rugs or by leaving insufficient space between furniture and the floor.
- Water based and electrical floor heating systems are permitted

Floor Cooling

- For floor cooling, a heat-resistance of < 0.09m²K/W is prescribed. The heat-resistance of Quick-Step Wood Floor 14mm is about 0.140 m²K/W. So account should be taken here of a certain loss of capacity.
- Ensure a proper safety system including automatic sensors that detect when the dew point (= start of condensation) is reached below or in the wood floor and then switch off the cooling.

Visit www.quick-step.com for more detailed information about Floor Heating and Floor Cooling.

8

Mineral subfloors such as concrete must be sufficiently dry prior to installation. Installation on cement subfloor requires a CM < 2,5 (75 % RH). An installation on anhydrite subfloor requires a CM < 0,5 % (50% RH). If the moisture content is higher or may become higher other types of damp proofing must be used. If floor heating is used, cement subfloor requires a CM < 1,5 (60% RH) and anhydrite subfloor requires a CM < 0,3 (40% RH). (see Floor Heating Instructions) Always measure, record and keep your moisture content results. A new cement screed floor must dry at least 1 week per 1 cm (3/8") thickness up to 4cm (1-1/2"). Thicknesses over 4cm (1-1/2") require twice as much drying time. For example, a 6cm (2-1/2") concrete subfloor must dry at least 8 weeks.

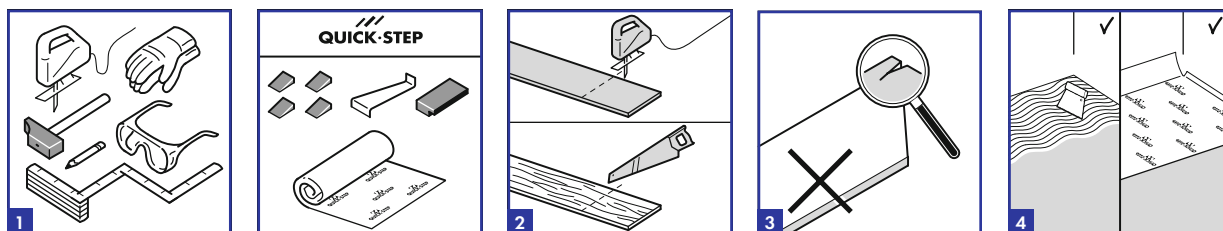
9

Plan the installation direction of the planks carefully before start up. For installing a Herringbone pattern, the first recommendation is to install the V-row in the direction of the longest wall. In case all walls are almost equal in length, we recommend installation in line with the main entrance or parallel to the incoming light (= perpendicular to windows). Be aware of the fact natural color will be affected by sun light (discoloration by UV light is inevitable). This might lead to natural fading and color changes which are not a product fault.

10

In case of a FLOATING Installation, cooking islands for kitchens and other very heavy objects should NOT be installed on top of your floor. The floating Wood floor must be able to move around the heavy objects to avoid open joints and separating planks. Possible methods to ensure this are the following:

1. First install the heavy objects followed by the installation of your Quick-Step Wood Floor around the heavy object. Do not place the heavy objects on top of the wood flooring.
2. First install your Quick-Step Wood Floor before installing the heavy objects. As a next step, mark on your Quick-Step Wood Floor where the heavy objects will be installed. Finally saw the spots out where the legs of your furniture will be or saw a complete expansion joint on the perimeter of your heavy furniture.



2. INSTALLATION

1

Quick-Step Wood Floors are easy to install and require no expensive tools. In addition to a few common DIY tools (folding rule, pencil, hammer, handsaw or jigsaw, carpenter's square and possible power drill and hand gloves) you only need the Quick-Step installation kit containing a tapping block, pull bar and spacers. Be sure you have all tools available before starting the installation. In case of a glued installation, additionally, a glue trowel (recommended is type B11) is needed together with a suitable wood flooring adhesive.

2

When cutting the Quick-Step wood plank be sure you are not creating splinters or chipping when cutting. If using a handsaw keep the decorative surface faced up. If using a jigsaw keep decorative surface down (except for a jigsaw with down-stroke blades).

3

Every Quick-Step wood plank is methodically checked for any imperfections before being packed. Still, packs can be damaged during transportation or when the packs are opened. Do not install a plank with a damaged surface, edge or click joint. Carefully inspect each plank before installing. Be aware of the fact wood is not a homogeneous material. There will be differences from plank to plank as there are differences from tree to tree. These aspects provide you with the warm and natural look and feel a wood floor has to offer. Knots and cracks will also appear depending on the grading and the chosen range. This is natural and will not be considered as a product fault. Therefore always be sure you have got the right impression of the floor and information from the dealer before installation. An installed plank is considered as accepted and cannot be claimed. We recommend to mix the boards, taking planks out of different boxes at the same time when installing.

4

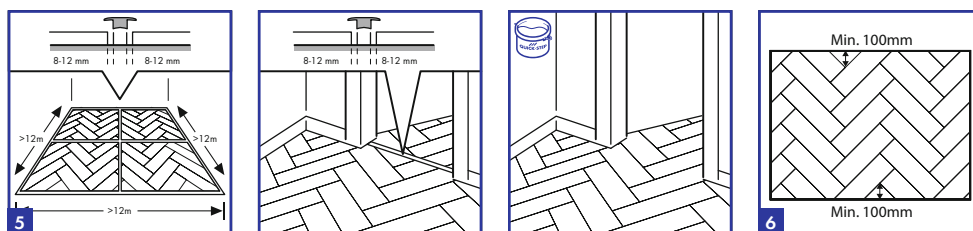
Quick-Step Wood Flooring planks can be installed floating or glued down. We will explain both ways of installation.

Floating

If you choose to install a floating floor you must lay the first section of underlay parallel to the length of the planks to be installed. Gradually add the next sections of underlay as you lay the wood planks. It is vital that you use a levelling underlay to smooth away any unevenness in the floor base. In most cases a vapor-tight foil should be used to protect the floor against rising damp or condensation.

Glued

Direct gluing can only be performed on a subfloor that is suitable for it (in terms of flatness, firmness, cracks, etc.) in conformity with general principles and standards. The subfloor must be sufficiently dry, hard and homogeneous. Make sure to use a suitable glue. Follow the instructions regarding drying time, consumption, application, etc. These instructions need to be provided by the glue manufacturer. If you are gluing down your floor try to walk on it as little as possible on the glued section during installation.


5

Floating

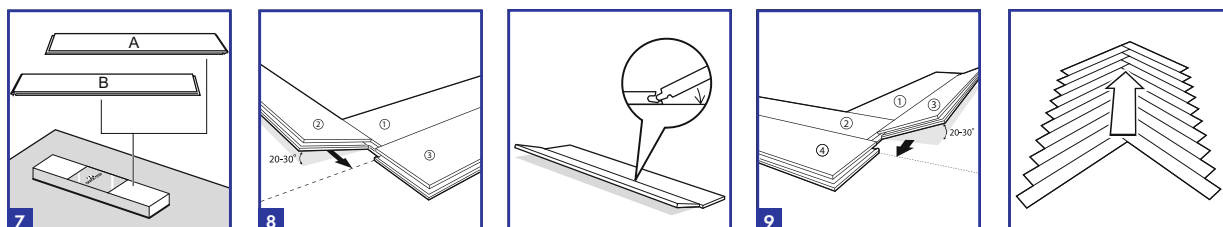
With room dimensions of more than 12m x 12m an intermediate expansion joint should be fitted. Expansion and contraction are linear so the greater the surface the larger the expansion joint needs to be. An expansion joint must be used in typical doorways and room angles.

Glued

In a glued installation you have no length and width restrictions. An expansion gap of 8 mm around the perimeter of the room is still obligated but a T moulding in the doorways is not necessary anymore. Constructional dilatation joints of the building and floor heating joints in screed should be transferred on the floor with a flexible joint or a profile.

6

Before starting carefully measure the length and the width of the room to plan a precise lay-out to achieve a balanced appearance of the floor. This will ensure also you won't end up with the last row being too narrow. We advise to make sure that the smallest pieces are always wider than 100 mm. To assure this, you can slide the middle line of the floor.


7

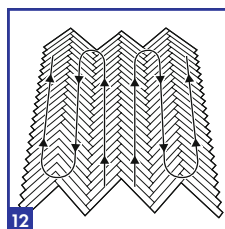
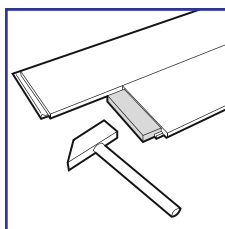
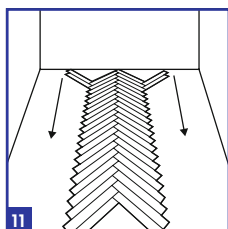
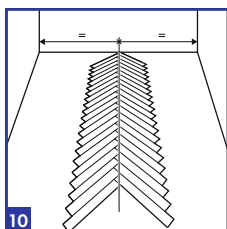
Our Quick-Step Disegno floor range consists out of planks that are left oriented and right oriented. This means that in 1 pack of Quick-Step Disegno flooring you should have left sided planks and right sided planks, please check before installation. All planks have, next to the production code, a marking at the back. Left sided planks are marked with an "A" and right sided planks are marked with a "B". Before start, separate the left from the right planks and "shuffle" the boards of a specific side to ensure an even distribution of color and character.

8

The first part of the installation consists of making the center row. You can do this by assembling the first 3 planks, labeled as "1", "2" and "3". Plank "3" is used as a helping hand to align planks "1" and "2". Connect planks "1" and "3" (at an slight angle of 20 to 30° insert the tongue of plank 2 into the groove of plank 1) with the short edge of plank "3" a 0,5 cm beyond the short edge of plank "1". Now insert the longside tongue of plank "2" in the shortside groove of plank "1". Slide plank "2" until it is stopped by plank "3". Now fold down plank 2.

9

Now install plank "4", which is taking over the role of plank "3". Uplift plank 3 at an angle of 20 to 30° and slide it upwards until it hits plank "4". Follow this method until you finished the first, center V-row of your floor. Always work in the direction of the arrows.



10

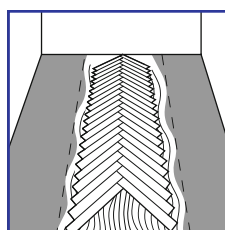
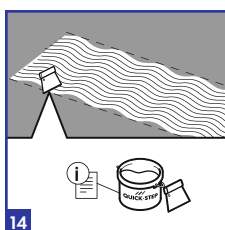
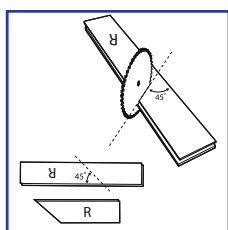
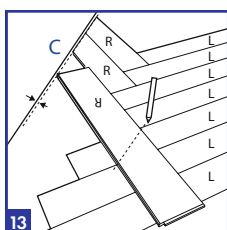
After the installation of the first V-row, it is very important to make sure this row is perfectly centered in the middle of the room. Please take a moment to verify this. It can be helpful to mark the tip and end of the V-row to be sure the V-row is still on the right place. Tip : Do the marking at the bottom of the wall. This will remain visible throughout the entire installation. Marking on the floor disappears under your installed boards.

11

Now you can continue to install the additional rows of full planks. We advise to install a first new row at the left side of the first V-row, followed by the installation of the first row on the right side of the first V-row. To install the next row, always connect the long side of the new panel into the long side of the previous panel. While holding the new panel in an angle of 20 to 30°, slide this panel until its short end reaches the installed V row. Now you can drop down the panel, followed by tapping the panel on its short end until it locks into the installed V-row. Tapping must always be done with a rubber hammer and a suitable tapping block.

12

Complete all rows of full planks, following the direction of the arrows. Make sure you always tap in the direction where you sit on the panels. This will avoid that you built up tension in the floor.



13

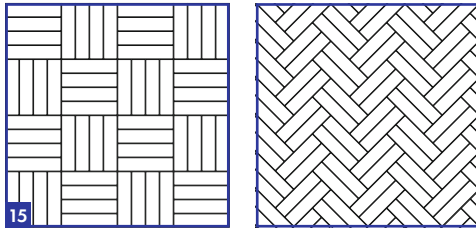
After installing all rows of full planks, the last step in the installation of the Quick Step Herringbone floor is the installation of the cut-off planks along the walls of your room. To draw the cut-off line, place the panel, rotated by 180°, on the floor. The corner "C" must be on the line of the expansion gap. The expansion gap is needed to allow the floor to move natural after installation (natural movement of the floor depends on the RH level of the site of installation). 1). To determine the correct expansion gap we would like to refer you to the preparation part of this instruction. At the end of the installation this expansion gap is concealed by our skirting's or mouldings. Draw the line in an angle of 45° with the length of the plank starting from overlap angle with the already installed plank. Install the plank after sawing by following above explained installation method.

14

Glued

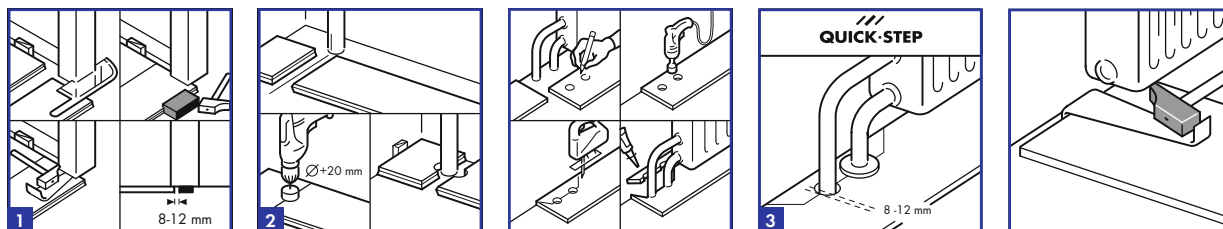
Before applying the glue to the subfloor, we recommend to install first at least 2 rows without glue and without connecting the short side joints. In this way you can align your wood flooring perfectly and do the necessary sawing works. In order to keep the installation area clean, we advise to spread the glue each time for 2 rows. Spread the glue for these rows, followed by placing the wood planks. After finishing the first 2 rows, you can sit onto these rows to spread the glue for the next two rows. Follow this working method for the rest of the installation onwards.

Pro Tip: If you face any tricky corners during your installation, it is recommended to prepare them first without glue to be sure that they fit perfectly. If you are sure that it will fit, you can glue the tricky piece.



15

Next to the Single Herringbone pattern, there are also other possibilities of creating pattern floors with the Quick-Step Disegno. Possible patterns are a Double Herringbone pattern and the Mosaic pattern. For the Double Herringbone you can refer to the same installation Instructions as for the Single Herringbone pattern. The only difference is that you need to put 2 planks next to each other. For the Mosaic pattern, the length of 1 board is the same as 4 times the width of 1 board. In this way you can create Mosaic patterns with 4 connected boards. First connect the length side of 4 boards next to each other, creating your first square. To make sure these boards are aligned, you can use the method described in step 9. Then connect 4 additional planks perpendicular to the first square by connecting and tapping. It is advised to work square after square to create the full Mosaic pattern.



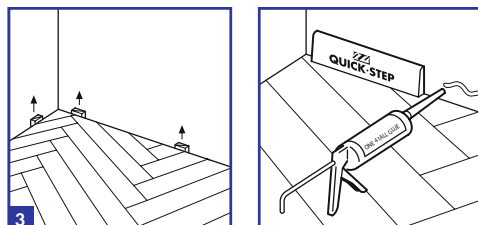
3. FINISHING

1

For a nice finish where the wood flooring meets a threshold we recommend undercutting the frame of the door. To secure the correct cut off turn a plank upside down and place it on the floor up to the frame. Then place the hand saw flat against the plank and simply cut through the frame/moulding as shown. Remove the cut out piece and vacuum away dust. Then you can simply slide the floor plank underneath the frame/moulding and make a perfect finish.

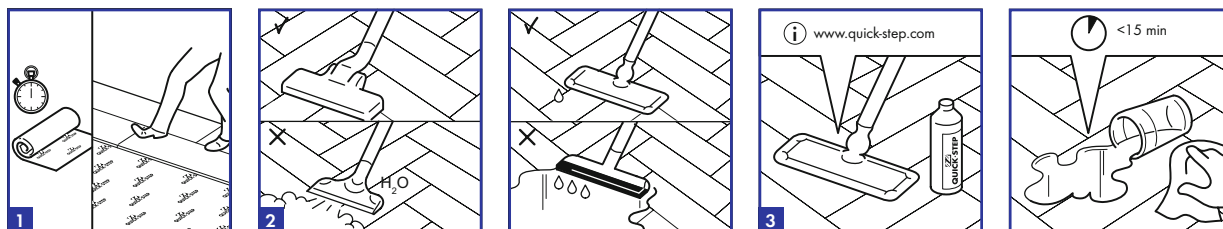
2

To install Quick-Step wood flooring around pipes, carefully measure and mark the planks with the exact center point for each pipe. Drill a hole at each of the marked points that is equivalent to the diameter of the pipe + 16 mm in dry climate and 24 mm in wet climate. If located on the long side of the plank make a 45 degree cut from each hole to the edge of the plank and then cut between the holes as shown. If located on the end of a plank make a straight cut across the plank. Install the plank. Then using some regular wood glue along the cut edges of the piece you've cut out and glue the piece in place where it belongs. Be sure no glue comes between the cut out piece and the subfloor. Use spacers to secure a tight glue point and remove any glue on the floor surface directly with a damp cloth. The gap you have created between the pipes are to ensure the floor can move as expected from season to season. In a floating installation these cannot be filled with any sealant, silicone or other adhesive. Use the Quick-Step radiator caps to conceal gaps around radiator pipes in this case.



3

Inspect the final surface of the installed floor, remove all spacers and install the Quick-Step wood wallbases according to the instructions.



4. MAINTENANCE

1

After installation it is recommended to maintain a room temperature of 15 - 22°C and a relative humidity level between 30-85%. During winter time the air in the rooms is usually extremely dry, for this reason it is strongly recommended to use humidifiers in order to obtain a constant humidity level. In the summer and autumn, when there is a high relative humidity the room should be well ventilated. Too low RH may cause irreversible damage to the floor (ie. Cracks, Open Joints, Squeaking sound, ...)

Floating

When installing a floating floor you can walk on it during installation and immediately afterwards.

Glued

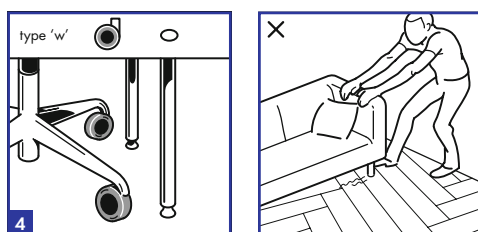
In case of a glued installation it is recommended to check the instructions of the used glue to know the drying time before you can walk on the floor.

2

To remove dirt and dust from the floor use a slightly moist mop, a brush or a vacuum cleaner. Make sure the vacuum cleaner is equipped with soft wheels and a special wood flooring brush to avoid scratching your floor. Never use a steam cleaner to clean your wooden floor. For the first cleaning of the floor make sure to first remove ALL dust and dirt before using a cloth. Too wet maintenance of a wooden floor is absolutely forbidden.

3

Only use the recommended cleaning products for floor maintenance. Remember that using other cleaning products may damage your floor. Always wipe the floor dry immediately so that no more moisture or liquid is visible on the floor.



4

Castor chairs must have castors of the so called type "soft wheels" and a plastic protector mat should be placed under the area where the chair is placed/used. All furniture legs should be protected by felt pads to avoid scratching the lacquered/oiled surface. Avoid sliding/dragging furniture over the wooden surface to avoid possible scratching. Lifting the furniture is recommended. Always place a quality door mat at any entrance door to avoid introduction of sand, dirt or water which might be harmful.

5

Special cleaning instructions are at hand with your Quick-Step dealer or on the website of these products. Please read them with care before maintaining your lacquered/oiled surface.

6

The manufacturer bears no responsibility for problems or damage which arises through inexpert preparation of the subfloor, the floor installation itself or the exposition of the floor to unsuitable climatic conditions/maintenance. The right for compensation for damaged or differently coloured planks does not extend to wood floors which already have been installed. In non-standard cases we recommend you to inform yourself sufficiently with regards to the specific requirements of our construction project. In the event of further questions please contact your retailer.